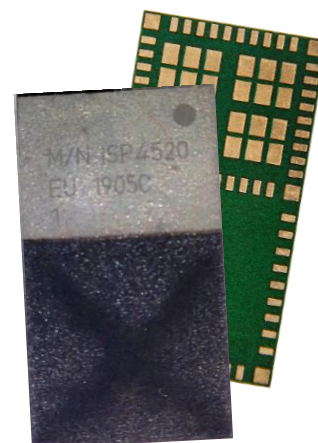


# ISP4520

## Application note AN190701



## LoRa AT Command Set for ISP4520



### Introduction

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#### Scope

This document gives details on how to use AT commands for LoRaWAN example provided in the Insight SiP software package.

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## Revision History

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| Revision | Date       | Ref   | Change Description                            |
|----------|------------|-------|---|
| R0       | 17/12/2019 | jf pg | Preliminary release                           |
| R1       | 18/02/2021 | jf pg | Update linked to LoraWAN 1.0.4 spec evolution |
| R2       | 09/05/2022 | pd pg | Document layout update                        |

## 1. Recommended Documentation

---

The following documents and Dev Kits (software portion) are required to understand the complete setup and programming methods:

### Nordic Semiconductor Documents

- ✚ nRF52832 PS (data sheet).
- ✚ S132 nRF52832 SoftDevice Specification.
- ✚ nRF5 SDK (for software development on the nRF51 and nRF52 Series).

To access documentation, go to:

- ✚ Official Nordic Semi website <http://www.nordicsemi.com>
- ✚ The Nordic Semiconductor Documentation library <https://www.nordicsemi.com/DocLib>
- ✚ Ask any Nordic related question and get help <https://devzone.nordicsemi.com/questions>
- ✚ For any question, you can also open a case on the <http://www.nordicsemi.com>

### Software Dev kits

- ✚ nRF Connect for Desktop.
- ✚ nRF5 Software Development Kit (SDK) which includes precompiled HEX files, source code as well as SES and Keil ARM project files.
- ✚ SoftDevices for nRF52832.

To access these files, go to [www.nordicsemi.com](http://www.nordicsemi.com) and download the files.






### Semtech Documents

- ✚ SX1261-SX1262Product Datasheet
- ✚ SX1261 Calculator Tools
- ✚ Semtech Application Notes concerning SX1261/SX1262 and LoRa

To access documentation, information, go to <https://www.semtech.com/products/wireless-rf/lor-transceivers/sx1261>

### Other Insight SiP documents

To complete the above, following documents are available on Insight SiP website or/and on request:

-  AN190301 App Note – Dev Kit App note
-  DS4520 module data sheet.
-  ISP4520-XX-GW Gateway Board schematic “ISP4520C\_GW\_SCH”.
-  ISP4520-XX-TB Test Board schematic “ISP4520C\_TB\_SCH”
-  ISP130603 Interface Board schematic “SC130604”.

## 2. Firmware description

### 2.1. Overview

An example of AT commands is provided in the LoRa software library provided by Insight SiP at: <https://github.com/insightsip/ISP4520-examples>

The project simplified architecture is:

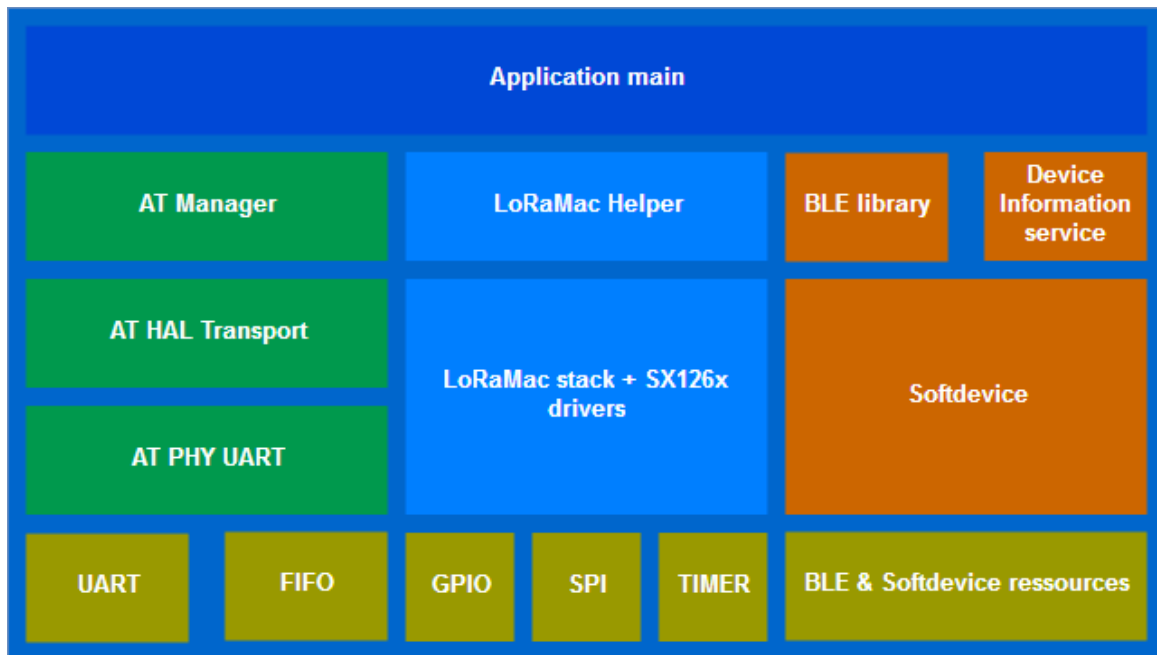


Figure 1: FW architecture

The AT commands are implemented in the `at_manager.c` and `at_manager.h`. New commands can be easily added by only modifying these files.

On the BLE side, only the Device information service is implemented.

### 2.2. Memory size

Using following configuration:

- Compiler Segger Embedded Studio
- Optimization: Optimize for size
- NRF\_LOG disabled

The memory usage is: 85kB Flash / 26.9kB RAM.

The project needs the softdevice S132 v7.0.1 which takes 152kB Flash / 10.9kB RAM.

Therefore, the total memory usage is: 237kB Flash / 37.8kB RAM.

### 3. Setup

AT commands are transmitted through UART. The ISP4520 can then be controlled using a serial terminal (Putty, RealTerm etc).

This chapter we will explain how to setup AT commands between an ISP450-GW and a PC with RealTerm.

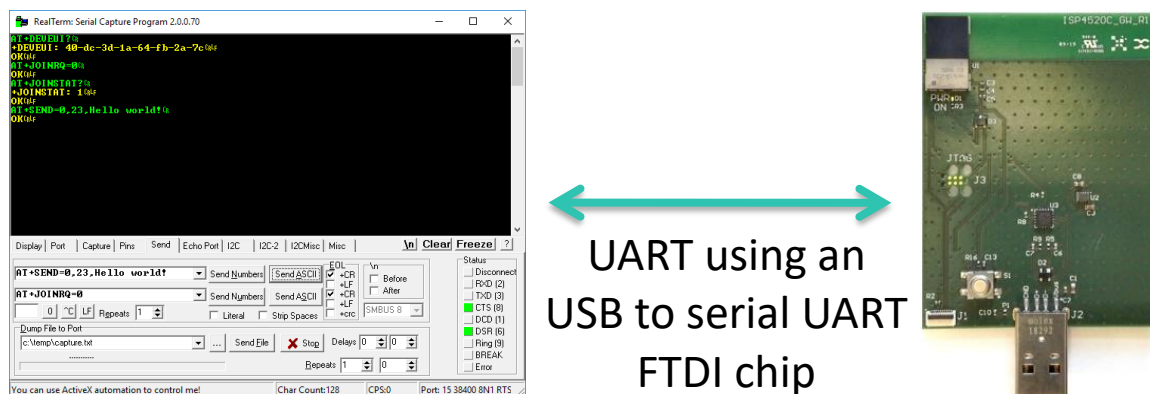


Figure 2: Setup

#### 1. Select one of the methods:

- a. Connect the ISP4520-GW to the ISP130603 Interface Board with the 10 pin FPC jumper cable (0.5 mm pitch, provided in the Development Kit). Connect the provided USB cable from the Interface Board ISP130603 to your computer.
- b. Plug the ISP4520-GW USB to your computer. Connect an external JLINK probe with 6-pin connector (not provided in the kit) to the ISP4520-GW JTAG connector.

Refer to picture of the hardware configuration below.

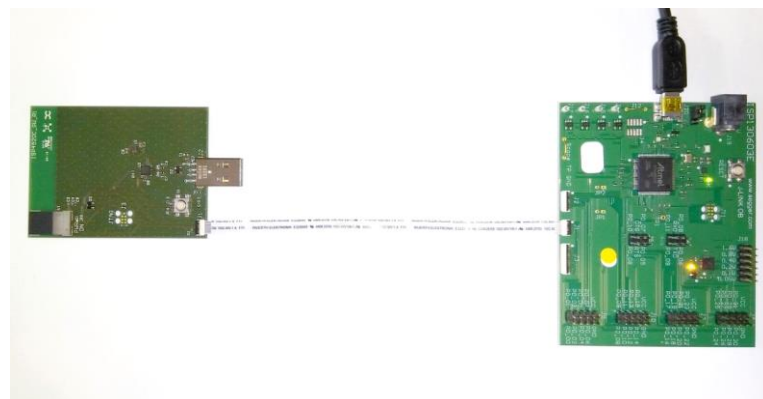


Figure 3: ISP4520-GW firmware loading via embedded JTAG in Interface Board

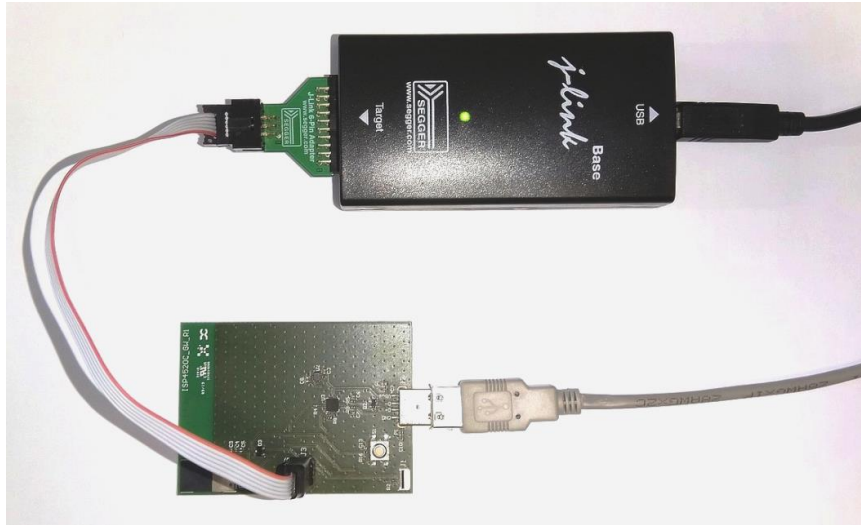


Figure 4: ISP4520-GW firmware loading via JTAG using Segger JLink with 6 pin adapter

2. Using Segger Embedded Studio, open the project named “at-commands.emProject” in <Your directory>ISP4520-Examples\src\apps\lorawan\at\_commands\ses\.
3. Build the project corresponding to your module version and load it to the module.
4. If not done already, plug the ISP4520-GW USB to your computer. Download and install a serial terminal software (RealTerm for example)
5. On RealTerm select the port number associated with the ISP4520-GW. Configure the Port with Baudrate:38400, Parity: None, Data bits:8, Stop bits: 1, Hardware Flow control: RTS/CTS.
6. Try sending AT commands using RealTerm and check for responses. Make sure to tick the +CR case. Send with “Send ASCII” button.



## 4. AT commands list

### 4.1. Format and syntax

The format is based on the “Hayes” standard which is used to control modems.

The AT command set described in document consists in custom commands (except ATZ, ATE and ATI). Every AT command can be declined in 3 categories:

| Type | Description                     | Syntax             |
|------|---------------------------------|--------------------|
| Set  | Set values or perform actions   | <CMD>=... or <CMD> |
| Read | check values                    | <CMD>?             |
| Test | Test existence and provide info | <CMD>=?            |

The rules are the following:

- ✚ Every command starts with “AT”.
- ✚ Commands are case sensitive.
- ✚ Parameters are not case sensitive.
- ✚ Commands can be terminated by <CR> or <LF>.
- ✚ Every command (except the reset command) is followed by a final response. The final response ends with <CR><LF>.
- ✚ Read and Test commands gives an additional response before the final response. The additional response ends with <CR><LF>.

The final response format is:

<Status><CR><LF>

Where <Status> can be:

- ✚ OK: Command run successfully.
- ✚ UNKNOWN\_CMD: The command is unknown.
- ✚ ERROR\_NOT\_SUPPORTED: The command exists but the type (set, read or test) is not supported.
- ✚ ERROR\_PARAM: There is an error in one of the parameters.
- ✚ ERROR\_BUSY: SX126x is busy.
- ✚ ERROR\_NOT\_JOINED: The command requires the device to have joined the network and it is not the case.
- ✚ ERROR\_DUTY\_CYCLE: The device is allowed to transmit yet (ETSI regulation).
- ✚ ERROR: All other errors.

The additional response format is:

<CMD(\*)>: <Returned value><CR><LF>

(\*) The “AT” word is removed here.

## 4.2. Commands list

### 4.2.1. ATZ

The ATZ command resets the CPU.

Examples:

ATZ

### 4.2.2. ATE

The ATE enable / disable echo.

| Type | Input parameter           | Additional response | Final response               |
|------|---------------------------|---------------------|------------------------------|
| Set  | 0 = Disable<br>1 = Enable | -                   | AT_SUCCESS<br>AT_ERROR_PARAM |
| Read | -                         | -                   | -                            |
| Test | -                         | -                   | -                            |

### 4.2.3. ATI

The ATI command gives the information of the device.

| Type | Input parameter | Additional response                          | Final response |
|------|-----------------|--|----------------|
| Set  | -               | -  | -              |
| Read | -               | Module name<br>Device ID<br>Firmware version | AT_SUCCESS     |
| Test | -               | -  | -              |

Examples:

ATI?  
ISP4520  
368EB3F9DBF6FA43  
3.1.1  
OK

#### 4.2.4. AT+DEVEUI

The AT+DEVEUI command gives access the device identifier.

| Type | Input parameter                            | Additional response                        | Final response               |
|------|--|--|------------------------------|
| Set  | 64-bit value in hexadecimal separated by - | -  | AT_SUCCESS<br>AT_ERROR_PARAM |
| Read | -  | 64-bit value in hexadecimal separated by - | AT_SUCCESS                   |
| Test | -  | hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh                    | AT_SUCCESS                   |

Examples:

AT+DEVEUI=FE-DC-BA-98-76-54-32-10  
OK

AT+DEVEUI?  
+DEVEUI: FE-DC-BA-98-76-54-32-10  
OK

AT+DEVEUI=?  
+DEVEUI: hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh  
OK

#### 4.2.5. AT+APPEUI

The AT+APPEUI command gives access to application identifier.

| Type | Input parameter                            | Additional response                        | Final response               |
|------|--|--|------------------------------|
| Set  | 64-bit value in hexadecimal separated by - | -  | AT_SUCCESS<br>AT_ERROR_PARAM |
| Read | -  | 64-bit value in hexadecimal separated by - | AT_SUCCESS                   |
| Test | -  | hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh                    | AT_SUCCESS                   |

Examples:

AT+APPEUI=FE-DC-BA-98-76-54-32-10  
OK

AT+APPEUI?  
+ APPEUI: FE-DC-BA-98-76-54-32-10  
OK

AT+APPEUI=?  
+ APPEUI: hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh  
OK

The AT+JOINEUI command gives access to join identifier.

Examples:

AT+JOINEUI=?  
+JOINEUI: hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh  
OK

The AT+APPKEY command gives access to application key.

Examples:

```
AT+APPKEY=?
+APPKEY: hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh
OK
```

#### 4.2.8. AT+NWKKEY

The AT+NWKKEY command gives Network root key.

| Type | Input parameter                             | Additional response                             | Final response               |
|------|---|---|------------------------------|
| Set  | 128-bit value in hexadecimal separated by - | -   | AT_SUCCESS<br>AT_ERROR_PARAM |
| Read | -   | -   | -                            |
| Test | -   | hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh | AT_SUCCESS                   |

Examples:

AT+ NWKKEY=FE-DC-BA-98-76-54-32-10-FE-DC-BA-98-76-54-32-10  
OK

AT+ NWKKEY=?  
+APPKEY: hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh  
OK

#### 4.2.9. AT+FNWKSINTKEY

The AT+FNWKSINTKEY command gives Forwarding Network session integrity key.

| Type | Input parameter                             | Additional response                             | Final response               |
|------|---|---|------------------------------|
| Set  | 128-bit value in hexadecimal separated by - | -   | AT_SUCCESS<br>AT_ERROR_PARAM |
| Read | -   | -   | -                            |
| Test | -   | hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh | AT_SUCCESS                   |

Examples:

AT+FNWKSINTKEY=FE-DC-BA-98-76-54-32-10-FE-DC-BA-98-76-54-32-10  
OK

AT+FNWKSINTKEY=?  
+FNWKSINTKEY: hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh  
OK

The AT+SNWKSINTKEY command gives Serving Network session integrity key.

Examples:

AT+SNWKSINTKEY=?  
+SNWKSINTKEY: hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh  
OK

The AT+NWKSENCKEY command gives Network session encryption key.

Examples:

AT+NWKSENCKEY=?  
+NWKSENCKEY: hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh  
OK

The AT+APPSKEY command gives access to application session key.

Examples:

```
AT+APPSKEY=?
+APPSKEY: hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh-hh
OK
```

The AT+DEVADDR command gives access to the device address.

Examples:

```
AT+DEVADDR=?
+DEVEUI: hh-hh-hh-hh
OK
```

#### 4.2.14. AT+NETID

The AT+NETID command gives access to network id.

| Type | Input parameter                            | Additional response                        | Final response               |
|------|--|--|------------------------------|
| Set  | 24-bit value in hexadecimal separated by - | -  | AT_SUCCESS<br>AT_ERROR_PARAM |
| Read | -  | 24-bit value in hexadecimal separated by - | AT_SUCCESS                   |
| Test | -  | hh-hh-hh                                   | AT_SUCCESS                   |

Examples:

AT+NETID=FE-DC-BA  
OK

AT+NETID?  
+ NETID: FE-DC-BA  
OK

AT+NETID=?  
+ NETID: hh-hh-hh  
OK

#### 4.2.15. AT+JOINRQ

The AT+JOINRQ command performs join request (ABP/OTAA).

| Type | Input parameter     | Additional response | Final response               |
|------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------------------|
| Set  | 0 = ABP<br>1 = OTAA | -                   | AT_SUCCESS<br>AT_ERROR_PARAM |
| Read | -                   | -                   | -                            |
| Test | -                   | -                   | -                            |

Examples:

AT+JOINRQ=1  
OK



#### 4.2.16. AT+JOINSTAT

The AT+JOINSTAT command gives the join status of the LoRa link.

| Type | Input parameter | Additional response          | Final response |
|------|-----------------|------------------------------|----------------|
| Set  | -               | -                            | -              |
| Read |                 | 0 = Not joined<br>1 = joined | AT_SUCCESS     |
| Test | -               | -                            | -              |

Examples:

```
AT+JOINSTAT?
+JOINSTAT: 1
OK
```

#### 4.2.17. AT+RCV

The AT+RCV command gives the last received data in ASCII.

| Type | Input parameter | Additional response  | Final response |
|------|-----------------|--|----------------|
| Set  | -               | -  | -              |
| Read |                 | string format:<br><confirm>, <port>, <payload><br>Where confirm indicates the status of<br>an uplink confirmed message | AT_SUCCESS     |
| Test | -               | -  | -              |

Examples:

```
AT+RCV?
+RCV: 1,23,Hello world!
OK
```

#### 4.2.18. AT+SEND

The AT+SEND command allows the user to send data in ASCII.

| Type | Input parameter  | Additional response | Final response               |
|------|--|---------------------|------------------------------|
| Set  | string format:<br><confirm>, <port>, <payload><br>confirm=1 for confirmed message<br>confirm=0 for unconfirmed message | -                   | AT_SUCCESS<br>AT_ERROR_PARAM |
| Read | -  | -                   | -                            |
| Test | -  | -                   | -                            |

Examples:

AT+SEND=1,23,Hello world!  
OK

#### 4.2.19. AT+ADR

The AT+ADR command enables or disables to adaptative data rate.

| Type | Input parameter             | Additional response         | Final response               |
|------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| Set  | 0 = Disabled<br>1 = Enabled | -                           | AT_SUCCESS<br>AT_ERROR_PARAM |
| Read | -                           | 0 = Disabled<br>1 = Enabled | AT_SUCCESS                   |
| Test | -                           | -                           | -                            |

Examples:

AT+ADR=1  
OK

AT+ADR?  
+ADR: 1  
OK

#### 4.2.20. AT+CLASS

The AT+CLASS command gives access to the device class.

| Type | Input parameter    | Additional response | Final response               |
|------|--------------------|---------------------|------------------------------|
| Set  | A, B, C<br>a, b, c | -                   | AT_SUCCESS<br>AT_ERROR_PARAM |
| Read | -                  | A, B, C<br>a, b, c  | AT_SUCCESS                   |
| Test | -                  | A, C                | AT_SUCCESS                   |

Examples:

AT+CLASS=A  
OK

AT+CLASS?  
+CLASS: A  
OK

AT+CLASS=?  
+CLASS: A, C  
OK

#### 4.2.21. AT+DR

The AT+DR command gives access to the data rate.

| Type | Input parameter                 | Additional response             | Final response               |
|------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Set  | Integer corresponding to the DR | -                               | AT_SUCCESS<br>AT_ERROR_PARAM |
| Read | -                               | Integer corresponding to the DR | AT_SUCCESS                   |
| Test | -                               | 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7          | AT_SUCCESS                   |

Examples:

AT+DR=0  
OK

AT+DR?  
+DR: 0  
OK

AT+DR=?  
+DR: 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7  
OK

#### 4.2.22. AT+JOINDLY1

The AT+JOINDLY1 command gives access to the device class.

| Type | Input parameter | Additional response | Final response               |
|------|-----------------|---------------------|------------------------------|
| Set  | Delay in ms     | -                   | AT_SUCCESS<br>AT_ERROR_PARAM |
| Read | -               | Delay in ms         | AT_SUCCESS                   |
| Test | -               | -                   | -                            |

Examples:

AT+JOINDLY1=5000  
OK

AT+JOINDLY1?  
+JOINDLY1: 5000  
OK

#### 4.2.23. AT+JOINDLY2

The AT+JOINDLY2 command gives access to the device class.

| Type | Input parameter | Additional response | Final response               |
|------|-----------------|---------------------|------------------------------|
| Set  | Delay in ms     |                     | AT_SUCCESS<br>AT_ERROR_PARAM |
| Read |                 | Delay in ms         | AT_SUCCESS                   |
| Test | -               | -                   | -                            |

Examples:

AT+JOINDLY2=6000  
OK

AT+JOINDLY2?  
+JOINDLY2: 6000  
OK

#### 4.2.24. AT+PNET

The AT+PNET command gives access to the public network mode.

| Type | Input parameter           | Additional response       | Final response               |
|------|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|
| Set  | 0 = Private<br>1 = Public |                           | AT_SUCCESS<br>AT_ERROR_PARAM |
| Read |                           | 0 = Private<br>1 = Public | AT_SUCCESS                   |
| Test | -                         | -                         | -                            |

Examples:

AT+PNET=1  
OK

AT+PNET?  
+PNET: 1  
OK

#### 4.2.25. AT+RXDLY1

The AT+RXDLY1 command gives access to the device class.

| Type | Input parameter | Additional response | Final response               |
|------|-----------------|---------------------|------------------------------|
| Set  | Delay in ms     |                     | AT_SUCCESS<br>AT_ERROR_PARAM |
| Read |                 | Delay in ms         | AT_SUCCESS                   |
| Test | -               | -                   | -                            |

Examples:

AT+RXDLY1=1000  
OK

AT+RXDLY1?  
+RXDLY1: 1000  
OK

#### 4.2.26. AT+RXDLY2

The AT+RXDLY2 command gives access to the device class.

| Type | Input parameter | Additional response | Final response               |
|------|-----------------|---------------------|------------------------------|
| Set  | Delay in ms     |                     | AT_SUCCESS<br>AT_ERROR_PARAM |
| Read |                 | Delay in ms         | AT_SUCCESS                   |
| Test | -               | -                   | -                            |

Examples:

AT+RXDLY2=2000  
OK

AT+RXDLY2?  
+RXDLY1: 2000  
OK

#### 4.2.27. AT+RXDR2

The AT+RXDR2 command gives access to the data rate of the 2<sup>nd</sup> receive window.

| Type | Input parameter                 | Additional response             | Final response               |
|------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Set  | Integer corresponding to the DR |                                 | AT_SUCCESS<br>AT_ERROR_PARAM |
| Read |                                 | Integer corresponding to the DR | AT_SUCCESS                   |
| Test |                                 | 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7          | AT_SUCCESS                   |

Examples:

AT+RXDR2=0  
OK

AT+RXDR2?  
+RXDR2: 0  
OK

AT+RXDR2=?  
+DR: 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7  
OK

#### 4.2.28. AT+RXFQ2

The AT+RXDR2 command gives access to the frequency of the 2<sup>nd</sup> receive window.

| Type | Input parameter | Additional response | Final response               |
|------|-----------------|---------------------|------------------------------|
| Set  | Frequency in Hz |                     | AT_SUCCESS<br>AT_ERROR_PARAM |
| Read |                 | Frequency in Hz     | AT_SUCCESS                   |
| Test | -               | -                   | -                            |

Examples:

AT+RXFQ2=869525000  
OK

AT+RXFQ2?  
+RXFQ2: 869525000  
OK

#### 4.2.29. AT+TXP

The AT+TXP command gives access to the device transmit power.

| Type | Input parameter                       | Additional response                   | Final response               |
|------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Set  | Integer corresponding to the TX_POWER |                                       | AT_SUCCESS<br>AT_ERROR_PARAM |
| Read |                                       | Integer corresponding to the TX_POWER | AT_SUCCESS                   |
| Test |                                       | 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5                      |                              |

Examples:

```
AT+TXP=0
OK
AT+TXP?
+TXP: 0
OK
```

```
AT+TXP=?
+TXP: 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5
OK
```

#### 4.2.30. AT+BATT

The AT+BATT command gives battery level.

| Type | Input parameter | Additional response  | Final response |
|------|-----------------|--|----------------|
| Set  | -               | -  | -              |
| Read |                 | Battery level 0..254<br>0 = 0%, 254 = 100%<br>255 = No value | AT_SUCCESS     |
| Test | -               | -  | -              |

Examples:

```
AT+BATT?
+BATT: 254
OK
```

#### 4.2.31. AT+RSSI

The AT+RSSI command gives the RSSI of the last received LoRa frame.

| Type | Input parameter | Additional response | Final response |
|------|-----------------|---------------------|----------------|
| Set  | -               | -                   | -              |
| Read |                 | RSSI in dBm         | AT_SUCCESS     |
| Test | -               | -                   | -              |

Examples:

```
AT+RSSI?
+RSSI: -70
OK
```

#### 4.2.32. AT+SNR

The AT+SNR command gives the SNR of the last received LoRa frame.

| Type | Input parameter | Additional response | Final response |
|------|-----------------|---------------------|----------------|
| Set  | -               | -                   | -              |
| Read |                 | SNR                 | AT_SUCCESS     |
| Test | -               | -                   | -              |

Examples:

AT+SNR?  
+SNR: 12  
OK

#### 4.2.33. AT+DUTYC

The AT+DUTYC command enables/disables the ETSII duty cycle.

| Type | Input parameter             | Additional response         | Final response               |
|------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| Set  | 0 = Disabled<br>1 = Enabled |                             | AT_SUCCESS<br>AT_ERROR_PARAM |
| Read |                             | 0 = Disabled<br>1 = Enabled | AT_SUCCESS                   |
| Test | -                           | -                           | -                            |

Examples:

AT+HW?  
+HW: EU-C  
OK

#### 4.2.34. AT+CHANNEL

The AT+CHANNEL command allows configuration of new channels.

| Type | Input parameter          | Additional response                           | Final response               |
|------|--------------------------|---|------------------------------|
| Set  | Id,frequency,drmin,drmax | -   | AT_SUCCESS<br>AT_ERROR_PARAM |
| Read | -                        | For each channel:<br>Id,frequency,drmin,drmax | AT_SUCCESS                   |
| Test | -                        | -   | -                            |

Examples:

AT+CHANNEL=3,867100000,0,5  
OK  
AT+CHANNEL?  
+CHANNEL: 0, 868100000, 0, 5



```
+CHANNEL: 1, 868300000, 0, 5
+CHANNEL: 2, 868500000, 0, 5
+CHANNEL: 3, 867100000, 0, 5
+CHANNEL: 4, 0, 0, 0
+CHANNEL: 5, 0, 0, 0
+CHANNEL: 6, 0, 0, 0
+CHANNEL: 7, 0, 0, 0
+CHANNEL: 8, 0, 0, 0
+CHANNEL: 9, 0, 0, 0
+CHANNEL: 10, 0, 0, 0
+CHANNEL: 11, 0, 0, 0
+CHANNEL: 12, 0, 0, 0
+CHANNEL: 13, 0, 0, 0
+CHANNEL: 14, 0, 0, 0
+CHANNEL: 15, 0, 0, 0
OK
```

#### 4.2.35. AT+CERTIF

Enable /disable certification mode

| Type | Input parameter             | Additional response | Final response               |
|------|-----------------------------|---------------------|------------------------------|
| Set  | 0 = Disabled<br>1 = Enabled | -                   | AT_SUCCESS<br>AT_ERROR_PARAM |
| Read | -                           | -                   | -                            |
| Test | -                           | -                   | -                            |

Examples:

```
AT+CERTIF=1
OK
```

#### 4.2.36. AT+CTXRST

The AT+CTXRST command deletes the MAC context from the non-volatile memory and then resets the CPU.

| Type | Input parameter | Additional response | Final response               |
|------|-----------------|---------------------|------------------------------|
| Set  | 1 = Enabled     | -                   | AT_SUCCESS<br>AT_ERROR_PARAM |
| Read | -               | -                   | -                            |
| Test | -               | -                   | -                            |

### 4.3. Events list

Events are messages sent from the device to the user at any given time.

| Event   | Parameter                           | Description   | Example                   |
|---------|-------------------------------------|---|---------------------------|
| +RXDATA | string format:<br><port>, <payload> | Event received when the device receives a new message from the network. | +RXDATA: 23, Hello world! |
| +JOINED |                                     | Event received the device has joined the network.                       | +JOINED                   |